

Species at Risk Research Fund for Ontario (SARRFO) 2017/18 Guidelines

CONTACT INFORMATION

For questions regarding the Species at Risk Research Fund for Ontario (SARRFO), please contact: Kim Jaxa-Debicki at SAR.stewardship@ontario.ca or 705-755-5506

DEADLINE

Applications must be submitted via email to <u>SAR.stewardship@ontario.ca</u> by <u>noon/11:59am</u> (EST) on Thursday, <u>December 15, 2016</u>

There is no template application form for SARRFO. Please follow the instructions in these guidelines.

You will receive a confirmation email within two business days of receiving your application. If you do not receive this email please contact us at 705-755-5506.

Applications received after the deadline or without mandatory information will not be considered.

All applicants must refer to the Legal Authorizations section of the Guidelines before submitting an application.

SARRFO OVERVIEW

The Species at Risk Research Fund for Ontario (SARRFO) is a targeted component of the Species at Risk Stewardship Fund (SARSF) Program.

The purpose of the SARRFO is to support high calibre scientific research that addresses important needs and knowledge gaps related to the protection, recovery, and management of species at risk and their habitats in Ontario.

BACKGROUND FOR APPLICANTS

In Ontario, species are assessed by a team of independent experts known as the <u>Committee on the Status of Species at Risk in Ontario (COSSARO)</u> and when required are placed on the Species at Risk in Ontario List.

The Species at Risk in Ontario List is a regulation made under Ontario's Endangered Species Act (ESA) (*O. Reg. 230/08*). The regulation (including species lists and status) is available on the Province of Ontario's E-laws website.

To be eligible for the SARRFO project proposals must target/benefit species listed as extirpated, endangered, threatened, or special concern on the Species at Risk in Ontario List.

Once a species is listed as endangered, threatened or special concern on the Species at Risk in Ontario List, the Ministry seeks science advice on the steps that should be taken towards the species' recovery. The advice is presented in **Recovery Strategies** for endangered and threatened species and **Management Plans** for special concern species.

The Ministry responds to Recovery Strategies and Management Plans by developing **Government Response Statements (GRS)**. These statements summarize the government's actions and priorities in protecting and recovering a SAR.

Within 5 years of releasing a GRS, the Ministry will publish a **5-Year Review** summarizing the progress made towards the protection and recovery of a SAR.

SARRFO project proposals must make links to **relevant recovery documents**. Recovery Strategies, Management Plans, Government Response Statements, and 5-year Reviews can all provide important background information and direction for SARRFO applicants. However, it is important that applicants review and reference the most current documents.

It is important to note that a hierarchy applies to recovery documents in terms of prioritizing actions for SAR. If a species has a GRS, SARRFO proposals need to address the needs identified in the GRS and not the recovery strategy or management plan. Where no GRS exists other recovery documents can be referenced. Also, if a 5-year review exists for the target species, applicants will find additional information and advice on what actions have already been accomplished or what needs/knowledge gaps could use more attention.

SPECIES RECOVERY DOCUMENTS

To access the following provincial recovery documents, please refer to the <u>Species at Risk in Ontario List</u> website and click on the appropriate species at risk:

- COSSARO Assessment Report
- Recovery Strategy
- Management Plan
- Government Response Statement

To access federal recovery documents, please refer to the following websites:

Federal draft or final Recovery Strategies

- Federal draft or final Management Plans
- National Committee on the Status of Endangered Wildlife in Canada (COSEWIC) Status Reports

APPLICANTS

ELIGIBLE APPLICANTS

The SARRFO is open to individuals and organizations undertaking high-caliber scientific research activities that will address key threats or knowledge gaps and inform the protection and recovery of species at risk in Ontario.

All SARRFO applications must clearly identify a **Principal Investigator (PI)** for the proposed project. The Principal Investigator (PI) must be a recognized expert in the area of proposed research who is charged to conduct objective research that generates independent, high quality, and reproducible results. The PI is responsible for the design, delivery, and reporting of the research project and for monitoring, and ensuring the integrity of any collaborative relationships. Additionally, the PI is responsible for project management including oversight of compliance, financial, personnel, and other related administrative aspects of the research project. In the case of graduate students (Master's or PhD), the supervisor should be designated as the PI rather than the student.

Successful applicants must be individuals or incorporated legal entities and will be required to provide proof of incorporation and proof of appropriate insurance upon signing a funding agreement.

NON-ELIGIBLE APPLICANTS

- Provincial government ministries
- Federal government departments
- Un-incorporated groups or clubs

ELIGIBLE ACTIVITIES

Applications for the 2017/18 SARRFO should focus on innovative scientific research that addresses topics contained in the priority categories below which will answer questions that are relevant to the protection and recovery of species at risk.

Proposed activities must target/benefit species listed as Extirpated, Endangered, Threatened or Special Concern on the Species at Risk in Ontario List.

Only proposed activities occurring between April 1, 2017 and February 28, 2018 (for the 2017-2018 fiscal year) and April 1, 2018 and February 28, 2019 (for the 2018-2019 fiscal year) are eligible for funding consideration.

Research proposal applications will be considered that focus on:

- scientific research actions
- acquiring and analyzing a new dataset or meta-analysis of existing datasets
- undertaking new research projects or adding a new component to an on-going project
- Inventory and monitoring actions associated with a defined scientific question and methodology may also be considered. Long-term monitoring projects without a defined scientific question are not eligible for SARRFO funding but are encouraged to apply to SARSF if applicable.

If you are applying for work that builds on a **previously funded SARRFO/SARSF** work, please explicitly state what has been accomplished so far, what deliverables you achieved, and how this work is different from or builds on past work. Do not assume reviewers know of your previous work or have access to your project files.

PRIORITIES

Although all project proposals that target species listed on the Species at Risk in Ontario List are eligible for consideration, targeted priorities have been established for the 2017/18 funding year.

Applications that address any of the priorities listed below will be considered before remaining applications.

2017/18 PRIORITIES

- 1. Species/Taxa Specific Priorities
- 1a) Research that contributes to meeting recovery actions as outlined in a final or draft Government Response Statement (GRS), with preference given to research that supports identified high priority GRS actions. See appended list of species at risk with GRS.
- 1b) Research that addresses the needs/knowledge gaps for the below Species/Taxa without a Government Response Statement (GRS).
 - American Eel or Lake Sturgeon: Investigation and assessment of new or innovative mitigation techniques and technologies for safe downstream passage and, where safe downstream passage is assured, for upstream passage.
 - SAR Aerial Insectivores: Investigating causes of population decline in aerial insectivores and/or investigating and evaluating recovery approaches to improve foraging habitat quality.
 - **SAR Bats**: Investigating threats and threat mitigation for SAR bats, including white-nose syndrome mitigation/abatement and improving summer habitat and survival rates. Identifying previously unknown hibernacula and roosts, particularly in forested areas,

including maternity roost use and tree selection; and science to support stewardship of bat colonies in buildings.

- SAR Fish and Mussels: Research into the specific habitat requirements for juvenile life stages.
- **Insect SAR:** DNA barcoding for insect SAR to inform inventory and monitoring or as part of a predictive habitat modeling study
- Enhancing knowledge gaps for **Algonquin Wolf** including:
 - Identifying additional clusters of Algonquin wolves outside of documented areas of occurrence:
 - Assessing the viability of Algonquin wolves outside of parks and protected areas, including quantifying major sources of mortality;
 - Investigating emigration of wolves from Algonquin Park to areas outside of the Park, including likelihood of the establishment and growth of new population clusters and the effects of anthropogenic factors such as harvest, habitat fragmentation, or population density;
 - Investigating/modeling how changes to management strategies affect distribution and abundance of Algonquin wolves, eastern coyotes, and hybrids across the landscape.

2. Threat / Action Specific Priorities

Note: this priority category applies to both SAR with and without GRS direction. However if targeting a species with a GRS is it important to ensure appropriate links to the GRS are included in your research proposal.

2a) Research activities that address the needs or knowledge gaps for species at risk described below:

- Research related to species at risk and climate change. Including assessing the
 vulnerability of SAR to climate change, and/or investigating the management and
 ecology of SAR most vulnerable to climate change, to best inform management and
 conservation efforts.
- Research that investigates the intersect between species at risk (e.g. Blanding's Turtle, Massasauga, American Ginseng) and forestry sector resource development activities, including impacts, mitigation techniques, best management practices, appropriates setbacks, and rehabilitation.
- Projects that investigate innovative techniques and test the effectiveness of habitat creation, enhancement or rehabilitation activities for species at risk. Examples of particular interest include:
 - o Habitat creation for SAR reptiles and amphibians
 - Foraging habitat and/or nesting structures for Bank Swallows, Barn Swallows, Chimney Swifts or SAR bats

- Prescribed burns
- Decommissioning roads
- Investigating the effect of **invasive species** on species at risk, and researching appropriate and effective prevention, management, control or removal mechanisms where there are knowledge gaps.
- Investigating the sensitivity of SAR to pesticides.
- Studies related to threats, population trends and management of SAR pollinators, and studies on pollination of SAR plants where knowledge gaps exist.
- Projects that help determine detection probabilities of plant SAR for which this
 information is lacking (e.g. American Ginseng, Four-leaved Milkweed, Heart-leaved
 Plantain, Small White Lady's-slipper) or establish more effective detection methods for
 plant SAR (e.g. Cherry Birch, Large Whorled Pogonia, Small Whorled Pogonia) (can
 include eDNA studies).

FUNDING REQUESTS

We are accepting funding requests for research projects extending over one or two years, to a maximum of **\$30,000** per year per project.

Research activities must occur between April 1, 2017 and February 28, 2018 (for the 2017-2018 fiscal year) and April 1, 2018 and February 28, 2019 (for the 2018-2019 fiscal year) to be eligible.

Multi-year requests will be evaluated on an individual basis and will be considered based on demonstrated need and available funds. Funding for the subsequent years will be dependent on availability of funds and/or whether the necessary appropriation is provided from the Ontario Legislature.

COSTS

SARRFO funding requests are limited to a maximum of \$30,000 per year per project.

Requested funds must be appropriate and reasonable for activities proposed.

Recipients may be reimbursed for expenses related to the project that are incurred from April 1, 2017 to February 28, 2018 (for the 2017-18 fiscal year) and April 1, 2018 to February 28, 2019 (for the 2018-19 fiscal year)

ELIGIBLE COSTS

Costs must be reasonable for activities proposed. Following the formal review and approval of applications, recipients may be asked to provide documentation of a competitive quoting

process for costs over \$5,000. Funding through the SARRFO may be applied toward the following types of project costs:

- a) **Human Resources Costs:** includes wages and mandatory benefits (as required by law) for human resources that will be directly involved in the implementation of the project, including professional and technical personnel, project assistants and consultants.
- b) **Equipment Costs:** includes the lease and/or rental of equipment required for the completion of the project. In some cases, equipment purchase may be considered with proper justification.
- c) **Field, Laboratory and Supply Costs**: includes costs for scientific analysis, analytical support tools (including computer programs), and materials (e.g., field supplies) other than equipment.
- d) Vehicle Rental, Travel and Fieldwork Expenses: includes vehicle leases, operational costs (e.g., fuel, insurance), mileage, accommodations and meals. Mileage cannot exceed \$0.41/km. Meal allowances are limited by meal per day and with receipts; Breakfast: \$8.75, Lunch: \$11.25, Dinner: \$20.
- e) Student stipend or funding for post-doctoral students: each to a maximum of \$10,000 per student per project for graduate student stipend per year and \$25,000 per post-doc per project for post-doc support per year.
- f) **Documentation of results:** including preparation/design/printing of reports associated with the project, photographs and /or video footage of research in progress.
- g) **Communications costs:** press releases or public notices in newspapers and magazines, and distribution costs.

Note: The amount of MNRF's contribution includes the reimbursement for HST. MNRF will not reimburse for HST beyond the approved contribution level.

NON-ELIGIBLE COSTS

The following are examples of expenses that do not qualify for funding through the SARRFO:

- a) Salary and benefits of the Principal Investigator or staff already employed by the sponsoring organization;
- b) Large capital expenses, such as buildings and vehicles:
- c) Costs of purchasing or leasing property, including municipal service fees and property taxes:
- d) Administrative overheads (e.g., office space, office supplies, phone, computer, fax and photocopy and auditing costs, as well as any project management expenses);
- e) Rental fees for research facilities or office space (where relevant the sponsoring organization is expected to provide, without charge to the SARRFO, research and office space and facilities, and accounting and administrative services. These items can be counted however, toward matching funds);
- f) Costs incurred or paid prior to or after the SARRFO funding periods identified.

MANDATORY APPLICATION REQUIREMENTS

Applications shall not exceed 10 pages in length (excluding CV's).

Applications must include:

- 1. A detailed research outline.
- 2. A clear and detailed workplan table (for each year of funding requested) identifying planned activities, expected outcomes/milestones and specific timelines in the following table format:

2015-16						
Activity Description Outcomes/Milestones		Start Date	End Date			
Genetic analysis of X	Summary of results, raw data	June 1, 2017	Sept 25, 2018			

- 3. Identification of the Principal Investigator (see description under Eligible Applicants) and research team, including CV's for all. Signed letters of commitment for any collaborators contributing matching funds, either in-kind or cash support to the proposed project.
- 4. A clear statement of how the proposed project will meet one or more of the priorities listed above and, where appropriate, clear links to actions/activities as outlined in a GRS and recovery strategy.
- 5. SARRFO funding can be requested for the 2017-18 and 2018-19 fiscal years. However, SARRFO funding may cover a component of a larger research initiative. If the request is part of a longer term research proposal you must indicate how the current funding request fits into this larger project plan including workplans and budgets for previous or subsequent years.
- A clear and detailed budget (for each year of funding requested) indicating both the full
 project budget and what SARRFO will cover in the following table format. Please note
 that Ontario Species at Risk Stewardship Funding (SARSF) will not count towards your
 matching cash contributions.

2016-17					
Project Expense	Amount requested from SARRFO	Matching Funds: In-kind	Matching Funds: Cash	Total Cost	
Human Resources -Grad Student Stipend -Field Assistant (\$440week X16 weeks)	\$5,000 \$5,000	-	\$4,000 \$2,040	\$9,000 \$7,040	
Equipment -GPS (2 @ \$200) -headlamps (3 @ \$60) -digital calipers (3@ \$88)	- \$180 \$264	\$400 - -	- - -	\$400 \$180 \$264	
Total:	\$10,444	\$400	\$6,040	\$16,884	

ASSESSMENT CRITERIA

Applications will be assessed according to the following criteria.

Link to Annual Funding Priorities

How strongly does the proposed research address an annual priority?

Relevance and Urgency

- Proposed research is relevant, fills a demonstrated need, and/or addresses an impending on the ground threat or knowledge gap.
- Study addresses (at an appropriate spatial and temporal scale) an important informational need that is directly tied to the protection and recovery of the species?

Links to Recovery Documents, and Support from Key Experts and Stakeholders

- The relevant portions of the appropriate Government Response Statement (GRS), recovery strategy, or management plan are referenced in the proposal?
- The study appropriately addresses identified recovery needs.
- Applicant has engaged, consulted with, and/or involved the relevant species, taxa, recovery experts and/or stakeholders?

Experience and Expertise of Research Team

- Proven experience, expertise and capacity of principle investigator and research team.
- Level of expertise with the taxa being studied, the proposed methodology and/or other unique specifications.
- Proven record of delivering quality conservation related science/endeavours.
- Publication history.

Methodology, Feasibility and Likelihood for Success

- Is the proposed work plan detailed and appropriate for the scope of the project?
- Are the objectives, design and methodology practical, appropriate and scientifically sound?
- Have concrete measurable goals and deliverables been identified?
- What is the technical feasibility of the proposed study (e.g. availability of appropriate data sources or analytic tools)?

Budget and Support

- Proposed budget is detailed and appropriate for the scope of the project?
- Applicant explains why the requested funding is necessary, and demonstrates value for the funding requested.
- Appropriate levels of resources are provided by sponsors/partners? Appropriate level of matching funds is provided (both cash and in-kind. 1:1 match is mandatory).

Availability

- Applicant has indicated how the results will be shared and used to further the conservation/management of the species.
- The study leads to results that are intended to be available and broadly disseminated in the public domain (i.e. peer reviewed journal, etc)

Overall Application Quality

- Application is well written, clear and concise.
- Applicant has followed all requirements set out in the guidelines and included all information required in the format requested.

Multi-year projects

• Is there a demonstrated need for multi-year funds? Does the subsequent year build on the previous year?

Note: During the evaluation of applications, additional weighting will be given to applied research proposals that address an impending on-the-ground threat or knowledge gap.

ADDITIONAL CONSIDERATIONS

- Projects or studies that are required by law are not eligible for support through the SARRFO. This includes activities that are being undertaken to fulfill legal requirements/conditions identified in an ESA permit, authorization or regulation
- While provincial and federal governments are able to support projects through in-kind and financial contributions, they are not able to receive any direct funding from an approved SARRFO project.
- Projects focusing on multi-species, ecosystems or single-species may all be considered for funding.
- Where applicable, successful applicants are encouraged to submit species, habitat, and location information to the Natural Heritage Information Centre.
- If a number of applications are received on related topics applicants may be contacted and asked to consider working together on a joint project. Applicants are reminded to contact experts in their field of research; proposed work which duplicates or overlaps with existing work without bringing added value is discouraged.
- The Crown is not bound to take any action based on any recommendations that may be
 produced during the course of a project. Any mapping products that result from a project
 are for the voluntary use of the organization only and the methods and results of a project
 will not necessarily be endorsed by MNRF or the Government of Ontario for use in future
 SAR habitat identification or land use decisions.

OTHER CONTRIBUTIONS OR FUNDING

Project proposals that include matching contributions (in-kind and cash) from a variety of sources are encouraged. Matching funds can either be matching dollars or in-kind donations;

however a balance of both is recommended. The amount of matching funds is a criterion that will be considered when applications are reviewed, whereby project proposals with matching dollars will be evaluated more favourably. If applicants indicate in-kind and/or cash contributions, they are required to describe how they are valued. Land values cannot be used as in-kind matching funds.

NOTIFICATION

The SARRFO uses a competitive process to evaluate all applications. All applicants will be notified of the funding outcome of their proposal in writing. Not all applications will be funded. Should an applicant proceed with a project on the expectation of funding through the SARRFO, the applicant does so at their own risk.

AGREEMENT AND PAYMENT

In order to be eligible to receive funds, successful applicants will be required to enter into a standard legal agreement with the Province which includes the terms and conditions of grant acceptance, expenditure and reporting requirements. In the case of multi-year projects, funds from one funding year cannot be transferred to another subsequent funding year.

The terms and conditions of the funding will be set out in detail in the agreement. Generally, those terms and conditions will be consistent with the following:

- The SARRFO is a reimbursement program. Payments will be made following the completion of milestones, and the submission of interim/final reports and documentation of incurred expenditures in accordance with the terms of the agreement.
- Activities receiving funding must be completed and invoices submitted within the year of receipt of funding.
- Recipients approved for multi-year funding will be required to submit year-end reports and financial documentation in accordance with their funding agreements. Successful applicants will have up to 30 days from the date of the project completion to submit final reporting requirements for year of funding.
- The final date to submit all final reporting and financial documentation is February 28, 2018 for the 2017-18 fiscal year and February 28, 2019 for the 2018-19 fiscal year. Recipients approved for funding will be required to submit certificates of insurance to confirm insurance coverage

LEGAL AUTHORIZATIONS

LEGAL AUTHORIZATIONS

(All applicants must review this section before submitting an application)

If your project involves a species listed as Extirpated, Endangered or Threatened under the ESA, please contact your local MNRF district office; they can provide advice on whether an authorization or registration under the ESA is required. It is important to contact your local MNRF district office early during your project planning process, as you may be able to avoid the need for an authorization or registration under the ESA by amending your project plan. Your local MNRF district office can provide advice on which of the following applies to your project:

- (i) Notice under ESA regulation 242/08 s.23.17 will be submitted before undertaking the funded activity;
- (ii) An ESA 17(2)(b) permit is required and will be obtained before undertaking the funded activity; or,
- (iii) The proposed activity does not require an authorization under the ESA.

All funded projects must avoid and/or minimize adverse effects to SAR and their habitat. An ESA authorization is not required for activities that do not kill, harm or harass a SAR, damage or destroy their habitat or otherwise require authorization under section 9 or section 10 of the Act. For greater detail, please refer to section 9 (species protection) and section 10 (habitat protection) of the ESA.

Due to section 23.17 of Ontario Regulation 242/08 under the ESA, many activities supported by the SARSF may no longer require an ESA 17(2)(b) permit but rather require the recipient to register and follow the requirements set out in the Regulation. For information on the regulatory requirements please refer to the MNRF Registry website under "Help protect or recover a species at risk" and consult O. Reg. 242/08 (s. 23.17) on e-laws.

Most projects that involve activities prescribed in Government Response Statements, Recovery Strategies, or addressing priorities outlined in these guidelines are eligible under s. 23.17 of O. Reg. 242/08 provided all the regulatory requirements can be met. However, projects involving any of the following activities are not eligible under O. Reg. 242/08 s. 23.17:

- Possession of a living SAR for longer than necessary (in no case longer than seven days);
- Release or introduction of a SAR outside of the area from which it was taken; or
- Lethal sampling as described in subsection (3) of O. Reg. 242/08 s 23.17.

If your project involves any of the above activities or fails to meet all eligibility criteria outlined in O. Reg. 242/08 s.23.17, you require ESA 17(2)(b) permit and you must contact your local MNRF district office. Please refer to s. 23.17 of O. Reg. 242/08 for more detail regarding eligibility under that section.

Applicants are responsible for identifying and obtaining any permits, licences or other approvals required for the project. **Projects cannot proceed until the required authorizations are obtained.** MNRF staff can assist in determining the need for provincial authorizations administered by MNRF including authorizations under the ESA, *Fish and Wildlife Conservation Act* and the *Provincial Parks and Conservation Reserves Act*.

If your project will be occurring in a Provincial Park or Conservation Reserve you may require additional authorization. You can apply for an authorization online at http://www.ontarioparks.com/email/research or if you have any questions about working in Provincial Parks and Conservation Reserves please email PAScience@ontario.ca.

Under section 23.17 of O. Reg. 242/08 an Animal Care Protocol approved by the MNRF Wildlife Animal Care Committee or a university is required for projects involving amphibians, birds, reptiles or mammals. Protocols for the detection and handling of fish and mussels that include animal care considerations have been published by the Department of Fisheries and Oceans Canada: detection of fish protocol and the detection and relocation of freshwater mussel protocol.

RECOGNITION

If applicable, the successful applicant may be required to acknowledge the receipt of financial assistance from the Government of Ontario.

FREEDOM OF INFORMATION AND PROTECTION OF PRIVACY

Personal information collected in the application will be used for the proper administration of the Species at Risk Research Fund for Ontario.

Personal information will only be used or disclosed in accordance with the *Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act*. If you have any questions about the collection of this information please contact us.

AUDITING

To ensure integrity in the use of funds, the Province of Ontario reserves the right to require independent verification of reported information as required in the terms of the funding agreement. Payment claim forms and invoices must be submitted in order to receive payments. The successful applicant shall provide, if requested by the Province, any necessary permissions to access the property and make available any records, documents and/or information that may be required for this purpose.

TERMS OF REFERENCE

- This call for applications is not intended to be a formal legally-binding procurement process.
- MNRF reserves the right to seek clarification and supplementary information from any applicant.
- MNRF may elect not to consider an application containing misrepresentations or any inaccurate, misleading or incomplete information.
- Once a project proposal has been submitted, it cannot be substantially modified or changed.

APPENDIX 1

Species with a Draft or Final Government Response Statements (GRS)

Allegheny Mountain Dusky Salamander

American Badger (Northwestern Ontario population)

American Badger (Southwestern Ontario population)

American Chestnut American Columbo American Water-willow American White Pelican Aweme Borer Moth

Bald Eagle Barn Owl

Bank Swallow (Draft)

Barn Swallow

Beluga

Bent Spike-rush Bird's Foot Violet Black Tern Bluehearts

Bobolink

Bogbean Buckmoth Broad Beech Fern

Butternut Cherry Birch

Common Five-lined Skink (Carolinian population)

Common Five-lined Skink (Southern Shield population)

Common Hoptree Cucumber Tree Cutlip Minnow Deerberry

Dense Blazing Star Drooping Trillium Dwarf Hackberry

Eastern Flowering Dogwood

Eastern Foxsnake (Carolinian population)
Eastern Foxsnake (Georgian Bay population)

Eastern Hog-nosed Snake Eastern Meadowlark

Eastern Prairie Fringed-orchid Eastern Prickly Pear Cactus

Eastern Sand Darter
Engelmann's Quillwort
Few-flowered Club-rush
Forked Three-awned Grass
Four-leaved Milkweed

Fowler's Toad Gattinger's Agalinis Goldenseal (Draft) Golden Eagle

Gray Ratsnake (Carolinian population)
Gray Ratsnake (Frontenac Axis population)

Houghton's Goldenrod

Hungerford's Crawling Water Beetle

Jefferson Salamander

Juniper Sedge Kidneyshell Lake Chubsucker Lakeside Daisy

Large Whorled Pogonia

Laura's Clubtail

Loggerhead Shrike (Draft) Mottled Duskywing

Nodding Pogonia

Northern Barrens Tiger Beetle Northern Dusky Salamander

Northern Madtom Northern Riffleshell Ogden's Pondweed Pale-bellied Frost Lichen

Peregrine Falcon
Pink Milkwort
Piping Plover
Pitcher's Thistle
Polar Bear (Draft)
Prothonotary Warbler
Pugnose Shiner
Pygmy Snaketail
Queensnake
Rapids Clubtail

Rayed Bean
Red Mulberry
Redside Dace
Riverine Clubtail
Round Hickorynut
Round Pigtoe

Rusty-patched Bumble Bee

Salamander Mussel

Showy Goldenrod (Boreal population)

Showy Goldenrod (Great Lakes Plains population)

Shumard Oak
Skinner's Agalinis
Slender Bush-clover
Small White Lady's-slipper
Small Whorled Pogonia

Snuffbox Spotted Gar

Spotted Wintergreen Virginia Goat's-rue Virginia Mallow

Wavy-rayed Lampmussel

Green Dragon
Heart-leaved Plantain
Henslow's Sparrow
Hill's Thistle
Hine's Emerald
Hoary Mountain-mint

Horned Grebe

Horsetail Spike-rush

West Virginia White White Prairie Gentian

Wild Hyacinth Willowleaf Aster Wolverine (Draft) Wood Turtle

Woodland Caribou (Forest-dwelling Boreal population)

Wood-poppy